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Final Technical Report

ONR Grant N00014-95-1-0473

"Graduate Course in Optical Oceanography"

Principal Investigator: Patricia G. Hull

Tennessee State University

Department of Physics, Mathematics and Computer Science

February 1, 1995 to March 31, 1996

Graduate Course in Optical Oceanography

Mary Jane Perry & Norman McCormick
Course Coordinators
University of Washington
Seattle, Washington 98195

Patricia G. Hull (PI) Tennessee State University Nashville, TN 37209

ABSTRACT

A 5-week summer graduate-level exercise in Optical Oceanography at the University of Washington's Friday Harbor Laboratories (FHL) was offered in summer 1995. The focus of this course was radiative transfer in the ocean with an emphasis on Case II waters. An underlying philosophy of the exercise was that a mechanistic understanding of radiative transfer in the ocean must include biological terms. The exercise was an intensive, hands-on experience for 15 students plus faculty, combining theory, measurement, and modeling in the unique coastal and estuarine settings of the San Juan Islands and Strait of Juan de Fuca. The course was a cooperative effort of Tennessee State University and University of Washington.

GOAL: The course goal was to provide an opportunity for graduate students to learn the fundamentals of optical oceanography in a coastal/estuarine environment. Nine semester hours of graduate credit for the course was given by University of Washington. The course provided TSU students and students from other non-oceanographic institutions a unique opportunity to participate in an optical oceanography course in a coastal setting.

APPROACH: Graduate students from all sub disciplines of oceanography were encouraged to apply. In addition, course announcements were mailed to nonoceanographic institutions with graduate programs in basic and applied optics programs. The success of this strategy is evidenced by the quality and diversity of the forty-eight students who applied. Appendix 1 lists the fifteen students chosen for the course as well as the other students who applied but were not selected to participate. The course strived for a balance among optical theory, measurement, and models. Field measurements, made by the students, were incorporated into optical models and used as teaching tools to explore the errors and limitations of both. The close proximity of a diversity of coastal/estuarine water types enabled students to develop an appreciation for the special research issues associated with Case II waters, in addition to the more general issues addressed in the majority of marine optics publications which focus on Case I-type waters. The biological foci were: 1) the role of phytoplankton, other biologics and derived products on inherent optical properties, and 2) the extraction of biological signals from inversion of radiative transfer equations.

RESULTS: The course was taught between 17 July and 19 August 1995 at Friday Harbor Laboratories. An entire teaching laboratory was dedicated to the Optical Oceanography course. The main components of the course were: (1) lectures; (2) readings from course texts; (3) formal (i.e., instructor-directed) field measurements and modeling exercises, with an emphasis on integration of field measurements with models and theory; (4) student projects, concluding with written and oral reports; and (5) weekly critical discussions of key papers. See Appendix 2 for a detailed course schedule.

Lectures: The topics covered in the lectures included: the nature of light: radiometric terms; underlying principles and limitations of current radiometric measurements; optical properties of water including inherent and apparent optical properties; role of phytoplankton, dissolved organic material, and inorganic and biologically-derived particles in determining inherent optical properties; measurement of inherent optical properties; derivation of the radiative transfer equations; air-water interface effects; relationship between inherent and apparent optical properties; inverse methods including remote sensing, retrieval of phytoplankton properties, and Thirty-nine seminar-style lectures were delivered by the effects of fluorescence. course coordinators, M.J. Perry, and N.J. McCormick (U. of Washington), guest lecturers, C.S. Roesler (U. of Connecticut), K.D. Carder (U. of South Florida), C.D. Mobley (SRI International), and P.G. Hull (Tennessee State U), and opportunistic guest lecturers, T. Cucci (Bigelow Labs) and D. Coder (U. of Washington), R. Desiderio (Oregon State U.), S. Ackleson (ONR), and M.E. Culver (U. of Washington). On Saturday, August 5, an all-day workshop on flow cytometry with "hands on" work with the flow cytometer was given by Terri Cucci and Dave Coder.

<u>Texts:</u> The texts from which readings were assigned to augment the lectures, and to enable the student to continue learning after the termination of the course, were:

Light and photosynthesis in Aquatic Ecosystems, second edition. (1994) J. T. O. Kirk. Cambridge University Press.

Light and Water: Radiative Transfer in Natural Waters. (1994)

C. Mobley. Academic Press.

Ocean Optics. (1994) R. W. Spinrad, K. L. Carder, and M. J. Perry (editors) Oxford Univ. Press, N. Y.

Laboratories: The formal "laboratory" portions of the course consisted of instructor-directed field measurements during weeks one and two, and instructor-directed modeling exercises during weeks three and four. For the field measurement laboratories, the class divided into small groups and worked with an instructor on specific measurements. During the first two weeks, each student had the opportunity to work with all the equipment. The measurements included: in-water and above-water radiometry with different instruments; above-water reflectance; spectrophotometry for absorption coefficients of dissolved organics, phytoplankton and "detritus"; and ancillary data (temperature, etc.). In addition to the equipment belonging to the laboratory, the guest lecturers, Collin Roesler and Kendall Carder provided some of their own equipment. Roesler compiled a helpful a table of the instruments available to the students, the quantities each instrument measured and

the quantities that could be derived from the measurements. See Appendix 3 for this table. During the second week (after the students gained experience with the measurements), data was collected in an organized sampling experiment to: (1) attempt optical closure and (2) provide Case II-water data to be used in running Mobley's models. The collection of computers we provided to facilitate data analysis included PCs and Macintosh computers from the instructors' own laboratories, three rental SPARC-2 workstations, and three rental power Macintoshes.

During weeks three and four, the formal laboratory exercises were hands-on work with Mobley's radiative transfer models, using data collected during week two as input parameters and output validation. The modeling work provided students the opportunity to attempt integration of field measurements with models. Only the SPARC-2 workstations were able to run Mobley's "Hydrolite" computer code, however, several of the other computers were networked with the SPARC-2's in order to provide addition access by students.

Technical assistance was provided from the beginning of the course to its completion by David English and Mary Kay Talbot. David's assistance in procuring the computers, obtaining special licencing of software for the computers, teaching the students to safely use the field equipment, assistance in data analysis, and repair of field equipment was invaluable.

Student projects: In week three, each student selected a topic for more detailed, in-depth study. The student project was one of the most important components of the FHL course, allowing the student to integrate the information to which she or he had been exposed. On the last day of class, the students presented their results as formal oral talks and submit written reports. The written reports are available in the FHL library. Appendix 4 is a listing of the topics of the student reports.

<u>Critical discussions of key papers:</u> The other important component of the FHL course was the discussion of papers. Saturday was devoted to an in-depth discussion of a key paper. These half-day or longer discussions followed a proven formula, called "Learning Through Discussion," that we have found crystallizes the students' integration of information. These discussions were one of the most rewarding experiences for the instructors as we literally watch the "lights" go on.

STUDENT EVALUATIONS: At the University of Washington, it is routine for students to evaluate instructors for a course at the end of the semester by filling out an evaluation questionnaire for each of the course lecturers. These evaluations were very positive and generally expressed satisfaction (more often enthusiasm) for the quality of the instruction. The most important evaluation of the course, however, was in the form of a round-table discussion the last evening of the course. We asked the students to be completely candid and offer any criticisms, constructive or otherwise, they had of the course. The students generally expressed overall satisfaction with the course. However, one problem was expressed by almost every student. We needed more computing power! The amount of data the students were able to gather was overwhelming. It often took hours downloading the data from a single instrument and the files were much too large for the desktop computers some

of the students brought with them. It was an unusual case of too much data to process. Should this course be taught again, it would be of utmost importance to devote time to develop a plan for better data management and analysis.

STATISTICS

- 0 Papers published, referred journals
- 0 Papers submitted, refereed journals
- 0 Books or chapters published, refereed publication
- 0 Books or chapters submitted, refereed publication
- 0 Invited presentations
- 0 Contributed presentations
- 0 Technical reports and papers, non-refereed journals
- 3 Undergraduate students supported
- 0 Graduate students supported
- 0 Post-docs supported
- 0 Other professional personnel supported

EEO/MINORITY SUPPORT

- 2 Minority undergraduate students supported
- 5 Female grad students
- 2 Minority grad students
- 0 Asian grad students
- 0 Female post-docs
- 0 Minority post-docs
- 0 Asian post-docs

Patents and awards 0

APPENDIX 1.

STUDENTS PARTICIPATING IN THE 1995 OPTICAL OCEANOGRAPHY COURSE AT THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON FRIDAY HARBOR LABS.

- 1. Emmunuel Boss University of Washington
- 2. Christopher Cantrell University of South Florida
- 3. Angel Dieppa University of Puerto Rico at Mayaguez
- 4. Sonja C. Gallegos Naval Research Lab Code 7240 Stennis Space Center
- 5. Rebecca L. Hansing Oregon State University
- 6. Miguel Hayes Tennessee State University
- 7. Omari K. Jones
 Tennessee State University
- 8. James V. Koziana
 Old Dominion University

- 9. Robert A. Leathers University of Washington
- Vilayakumar Manghnani North Carolina State University
- 11. Robert J. Parada Jr. Universiy of Arizona
- 12. Naomi S. Parker University of Tennessee
- 13. Anne A. Petrenko
 University of Southern California
- 14. Anthony J. Vital
 Tennessee State University
- 15. Gregory M. Weiss University of New Hampshire

STUDENTS WHO APPLIED BUT DID NOT PARTICIPATE IN THE 1995 OPTICAL OCEANOGRAPHY COURSE.

- 1. Raul Aguirre-Gomez University of Southampton
- 2. Edwin Alfonso
 University of Puerto at Mayaguez
- 3. Jasmine S. Bartlett Dalhousie University
- 4. Titus L. Berry
 Tennessee State University
- 5. Francisco P. Chavez
 Monteray Bay Aquarium
 Research Institution

- 6. Daniela T. Necsolu University of Bucharest
- 7. Dmitry M. Onoshko Belorussian State University
- 8. Deborah Parrilla
 University of Puerto Rico at
 Mayaguez
- 9. Kelly L. Rankin Steven Institute of Technology
- Susan K. Runco Johnson Space Center

- 11. Aurea M. Clotti Dalhousie University
- 12. Trine Dale University of Bergen
- 13. Piotr. J. Fiatau
 University of California, San Diego
- 14. Jan S. Gunderson Texas A & M University
- 15. David Illuz Bar-Illan University
- 16. Viatcheslav A. Klenov University of South Florida
- 17. Mark V. Kovaltchouk Belorussian State University
- 18. Adam B. Kusta College of Charleston
- 19. Igor A. Majevich Belorussian State University
- 20. Sergey V. Matloshkov Belorussian State University
- 21. Tiffany Moisan University of California, San Diego
- 22. Lisa Moore
 Massachusetts Institute of Technology

- 23. Roar Sandvik University of Trondheim
- 24. Yuta Sauya Tokai University
- 25. Marek D. Schnee
 Institute of Oceanology
 Polish Academy of Sciences
- 26. Jill N. Schwarz
 University of Southampton
- 27. James S. Stewart University of Colorado
- 28. Fredrick Stahr University of Washington
- 29. Theodore J. Swift
 University of California at Davis
- 30. Ajlt Subramaniam
 State University of New York at
 Stony Brook
- 31. Dan L. Woodruff
 University of North Carolina
- 32. Alexey K. Yasakov Belorussian State University
- 33. Vimel Zhou Vrije University

APPENDIX 2: OPTICAL OCEANOGRAPHY COURSE SCHEDULE, 1995

Week I

Monday, 17 July Welcome, introductions, goals Radiometry **McCormick** Tuesday, 18 July Radiometry theory **McCormick** Instrumentation and real-world radiometric measurement Carder Lab - instrumentation, calibration, units, geometry Wednesday, 19 July Apparent Optical Properties (AOPs) - terms Roesler Apparent Optical Properties (AOPs) - measurement Carder Lab: in-water radiometric measurements of PAR (cosine and 4p), Ed, Eu, transmission; plot measured parameters; discuss units and artifacts; calculate AOPs Thursday, 20 July Inherent Optical Properties (IOPs) -introduction and terms **McCormick** IOPs -- phytoplankton Perry Lab: rotation -- 4 groups AOPs (Nugget) Carder П. IOPs (Nugget) Roesler & English III. absorption (lab) **Talbot** IV. particles and chlorophyll a analysis Perry Friday, 21 July IOPs -- Phytoplankton pigments Perry IOPs -- measurements of absorption Roesler Lab: Continuation of lab rotation Saturday, 22 July Discussion paper #1 Spinrad, Carder and Perry (eds.) 1994. Chapter 4, Kishino "Interrelationship between light and phytoplankton in the sea."

Week II	
Monday, 24 July	
IOPs scattering physics (phase function, volume	McCormick
scattering function., Petzold)	
IOPs particle scattering and particle size distribution	Roesler
Lab: Continuation of lab rotation	
Tuesday, 25 July	
IOPs phytoplankton photoadaptation, photon adsorption,	
photosynthesis, and quantum yield	Perry
IOPs particle optical efficiency factors	Roesler
Lab: Continuation of lab rotation	
Wednesday, 26 July	
Radiative Transfer	McCormick
Remote Sensing	Carder

Roesler

Remote Sensing
Absorption methods
Lab: analysis of field data

Thursday, 27 July Remote Sensing Carder Radiative transfer & asymptotic radiance distributions **McCormick** Student project: scope, suggestions, discussion Lab: continue analysis of field data Friday, 28 July Remote Sensing Carder Model for spatial dependence of AOPa to obtain IOPs **McCormick** Project: group meetings Lab: continue analysis of field data Saturday, 29 July Quantum mechanics of absorption and fluorescence Guest lecture by Dr. Russ Desiderio, OSU Discussion paper #2 Spinrad, Carder and Perry (eds.) 1994. Chapter 5. Morel. "Optics from the single cell to the mesoscale" Week III Monday, 31 July Introduction and overview Moblev Overview of Hydrolight Mobley Nugget trio to Cattle Pass/ Straits of Juan de Fuca Lab: Hydrolight Tuesday, 1 August Photosynthesis Perry A closer look at Hydrolight Moblev Hydrolight / Lab: Field data analysis **Projects** Wednesday, 2 August Inverse radiative transfer methods **McCormick** Primary production and florescence Perry Lab: Hydrolight Field data analysis **Projects** Thursday, 3 August Derivation of phytoplankton absorption from reflectance Roesler Nugget trip to East Sound Hydrolight / Field data analysis **Projects** Friday, 4 August **Analytic Solutions** Mobley Interpretation and measurement of phytoplankton fluorescence;

Guest lecture by Mary Culver, UW
Flow cytometric measurement of phytoplankton optics;
Guest lecture by Steven Ackleson, ONR

Funding opportunities for marine optics Guests: Steve Ackleson, ONR Larry Clark, NSF Saturday, 5 August

Flow cytometry workshop (all-day)

Introduction to flow cytometry

Guest lectures: Terri Čucci/Bigelow Labs Dave Coder/UW

Lab: Hands-on work with the flow cytometer

Week IV

Monday, 7 August

Underwater visibility and imaging

Mobley

Paper discussion #3

Falkowski and Kolber, 1993, Estimation of phytoplankton photosynthesis by active fluorescence, ICES maar. Sci. Symp.

197: 92-103

Lab: student projects and Hydrolight

Tuesday, 8 August

Inverse methods -- source estimation

McCormick

Lab: student projects and Hydrolight

Wednesday, 9 August

Modeling phytoplankton production growth

Mobley

Lab: student projects and Hydrolight

Thursday, 10 August

Modeling phytoplankton production growth

Perry

Lab: student projects and Hydrolight

Friday, 11 August

Measurement of scattering

Mobley

Lab: student projects and Hydrolight

Saturday, 12 August

Discussion paper #4 J.J. Cullen and M.R. Lewis

(1995) "Biological processes and optical measurements

near the sea surface: Some issues relevant to remote sensing:

J. Geophys. Res. 100: 13255-13266

Week V

Monday, 14 August

Polarization

Hull

Demos

Lab: student projects

Tuesday, 15 August

Measurement of polarized light

Hull

Demos

Course evaluation and Round Table discussion

Lab: student projects

Wednesday, 16 August

Optional discussion paper #5: W. S. Bickel and W.M. Bailey (1995) "Stokes vectors, Mueller matrices, and polarized

scattered light." Am. J. Phys. 53: 468 - 478

Lab: student projects

Thursday, 17 August

Student presentations

Friday, 18 August

Student presentations and final reports

APPENDIX 3. Instruments used and measurements made during the course. Table prepared by Collin Roesler.

In Situ Profiling Measurements

Instrument	Measured Quantities	Derived Quantities	
PAR, PAR _o sensors	$E_{d}(z), E_{u}(z),$ $E_{od}(z), E_{ou}(z)$	$K_{d}(z), K_{u\!\!(}z), K(z), K_{od}(z)$ $K_{ou}(z), K_{o}(z), \mu(z),$ $\mu_{d}(z), \mu_{u}(z), R(z)$	
LiCor 1800 Spectroradiometer	E _d (λ ,z), E _u (λ ,z), λ =300–750 nm	$K_{\mathbf{d}}(\lambda, z), K_{\mathbf{u}}(\lambda, z), K(\lambda, z),$ $R(\lambda, z)$	
Spectrix	$L_{\text{U}}(\lambda,0+,\theta,\phi)$, $E_{\text{d}}(\lambda,0+)$, λ =350-900 nm	$R_{RS}(\lambda,0+)$	
Wetlabs AC-9	$a_{T-w}(\lambda,z), c_{T-w}(\lambda,z),$ λ =412, 440, 488, 510, 532, 555, 650, 676, 712	$b_{T-w}(\lambda,z)$, $chl(z)$	
LISST	β(θ, z, λ=670), θ = 0.05° - 5° $c(670)$	particle size distribution $(d = 5 \text{ to } 500 \mu\text{m})$	

Water Sample Analyses

Instrument	Measured Quantities	Derived Quantities	
Spectrophotometer	$\mathrm{OD}_p(\lambda),\ \mathrm{OD}_d(\lambda),\ \mathrm{OD}_g(\lambda)$	$a_p(\lambda), a_d(\lambda), a_{\phi}(\lambda), a_g(\lambda)$	
Turner Fluorometer	Chlorophyll fluorescence	extracted chl and pheo concentrations; in vivo chlorophyll concentrations	
Spectrix	L(λ ,0+,θ, φ); λ =350-900 nm	$R(\lambda)$ and $a(\lambda)$ of a solid sample such as an algal frond or filter pad	
EPI Fluorescence Microscope	Fluorescent particle counts and identification	same	
LISST	β(θ, z, λ=670), θ = 0.05° - 5° $c(670)$	particle size distribution $(d = 5 \text{ to } 500 \mu\text{m})$	
Galai CIS100	Particle Identification; time course of laser across particle	Particle concentration and size distribution	
Flow Cytometer	Red and orange fluorescence, side and backscattering of individual particles	Size, index of refraction, and fluorescence of individual algal cells	

APPENDIX 4. OPTICAL OCEANOGRAPHY STUDENT PROJECTS

Emmanual Boss

Using Hydrolight to test the CZCS algorithm or is case 2 water solved?

Christopher Cattrall

Measuring the total absorption coefficient by pad absorption, transmissometer, and remote sensing reflectance: comparison of results

Angel Dieppa

Retrieval of absorption coefficients from spectroradiametric and non-spectrally dependent PAR data using Gershun's equation

Sonia Gallegos

Influences of the tidal cycle on the remote sensing reflectance

Rebecca Hansing

The rate of approach to asymptotic light regimes for highly scattering waters, Puget Sound, Washington

Miguel Hayes

Comparison of analytical calculations with the Mie model and Henyey-Greenstein phase functions

Omari Jones

Tracking of the population growth of the *Isochrysis galbana* species of phytoplankton through flow cytometry

James Koziana

Estimates of a marine light field using a simplified 1-D bio-optical model

Robert Leathers

Sensitivity of the simulated underwater light field to corrections for scattering error in AC-9 absorption measurements

Vijay Manghnani

Testing assumptions in existing inversion models for the remotely sensed reflectance and derivation of a semi-empirical model using Hydrolight

Robert Parada

Effects of bottom depth and varying illumination conditions on remote sensing reflectance from shallow coastal waters

Naomi Parker

Effects of marine algae on remote sensing reflectance

Anne Petrenko

Effects of phase function on AOPs and remote sensing reflectance

Anthony Vital

Effects of particle size at small angles on the beam spread function

Gregory Weiss

Spatial variability and scale in measuring optical properties